

			20 1110			amination. (" $lacktriangle$ " means for male, while " $ riangle$ " for female.)
Items	Examination Items	A	В	С	D	Information
	Height, Body Weight, Body Temperature, Pulse Rate, Respiratory Rate, Blood Pressure, Waistline	☆	☆	☆	☆	Basic body function analysis.
	Body Fat Composition	☆	☆	☆	☆	(1) Degree of obesity.(2) Body fat, muscle, body fluid ratio, etc.
General Examination	Physical Examination(including head and neck, respiratory system, cardiovascular system, digestive system, nervous system, musculoskeletal system and skin)	☆	☆	☆	☆	General physical analysis. To detect signs of disease and anatomical abnormalities.
	Body Mass Index	☆	☆	☆	☆	A numerical computation regarding height and weight.
	Ophthalmological Examination	$\stackrel{\wedge}{\simeq}$	$\stackrel{\wedge}{\simeq}$	\Rightarrow	☆	Check fundus, eyelids, conjunctiva, cornea, and pupils.
Ophthalmology	Visual Acuity(including intraocular pressure)	☆	☆	☆	☆	Check visual acuity, color blindness, and eyeball pressure.
ENT	ENT (Ear, Nose, and Throat) Examination	$\stackrel{\wedge}{\sim}$	☆	☆	☆	Check external ear, ear canal, eardrum, nasal cavity nasal septum, tonsil, pharynx, and larynx. Check for infection, tumor, deviated nasal septum, and nasal polyp, etc.
	Nasopharynx Endoscopic Examination		☆	☆	☆	Check for nasopharyngeal and laryngeal tumor.
	*Chest x-ray and lateral view of c examination could increase the sen					ons in some areas and small lesions in lung. Low dose CT
	Chest X-Ray, PA View	☆	☆		Pulmonary TB, pneumonia, pleural effusion, bronchiectasis, emphysema, cardiomegaly, lung tumor.	
	Chest X-Ray, Lateral View	☆	☆	☆	☆	An auxiliary examinaiton to the ordinary chest x-ray.
	Pulmonary Function Tests					
Pulmonary	Forced Vital Capacity (FVC)	☆	☆	☆	☆	
Function	Forced Expiratory Volume in One Second (FEV1)	$\stackrel{\wedge}{\sim}$	$\stackrel{\wedge}{\simeq}$	☆	☆	Lung function, vital capacity, pulmonary ventilation volume,
	Forced Expiratory Flow 25-75% (FEF25-75%)	☆	☆	☆	☆	expiratory flow rate, obstructive pulmonary diseases, and restrictive pulmonary diseases.
	Peak Expiratory Flow Rate (PEFR)	☆	☆	☆	☆	
	Lung Age	☆	☆	☆	☆	The estimated age of your lung based on the pulmonary function tests to show how aging, chronic diseases, and smoking affect the lung, is used for 25~99 years old.



	·☆′ indicates i	tems to	be inc	luaea in	the exa	amination. (" $lacktriangle$ " means for male, while " $lacktriangle$ " for female.)
Items	Examination Items	A	В	C	D	Information
	Sonography of Uterus, Ovary, and Adnexal Structures	Δ	Δ	Δ	Δ	Check for presence of uterine, ovarian and adnexal abnormalities.
	Pap Smear	Δ				Evaluate cervicitis, cervical erosion, and cervical cancer.
Gynecologic Examination	Liqui PREP Pap Smear		Δ	Δ	Δ	Use a specially designed brush and a special preservative solution to collect more samples, which increases the accuracy of cervical cancer detection.
	Cervical Cancer Risk Assessment: Human Papillomavirus (HPV) Test			Δ	Δ	An exam for HPV will assess risk for cervical cancer. Over 10 types of HPVs can be detected. HPV test and Liqui PREP Pap smear together increase the accuracy of evaluating cervical cancer.
	Breast Examination (Palpation)	Δ	Δ	Δ	Δ	Palpate breast tissue to detect and define breast masses.
Breast Examination	choose one from below Breast Ultrasound or Mammogrophy	Δ	Δ	Δ	Δ	(1)To evaluate if there is tumor, cyst, fibroadenoma, etc. (2)To evaluate any early pathological changes cannot be detected by palpation.
	Male External Genitalia and Prostate Examination	A	A	A	A	Evaluate tumor of external genitalia and prostate, and benign prostatic hypertrophy.
Male Urological Examination	choose one from below Transrectal Ultrasonography (TRUS) of Prostate or Scrotal Sonography	A	•	A	•	TRUS is used to measure the prostate gland and has been used as a screening modality for proataste tumor. Scrotal sonography can detect: (1) Acute orchitis, testicular torsion, testicular tumor, etc. (2) Epididymitis, epididymal cyst (3) Hydrocele, inguinal hernia (4) Varicocele, seminal vesicle syst, corditis, etc.
	Resting ECG (or EKG)	☆	☆	☆	☆	To detect : (1) Cardiac arrhythmia (2) Cardiomegaly (3) Myocardial ischemia (4) Conduction defect
	Cardiovascular Screening Device (CVSD)	A	A	A	•	To assess atherosclerotic disease risk.
	Framingham Risk Score	☆	☆	☆	☆	10-year coronary heart disease risk assessment,is used for 35~74 years old.
	【心血管病變危險因子檢驗】Ca	ardiovasc	ular Ris	k Factors		
	Triglyceride (TG)	☆	☆	☆	☆	
Cardiovascular	Total Cholesterol(T-CHOL)	☆	☆	☆	☆	
System	High-Density Lipoprotein Cholesterol(HDL-C)	$\stackrel{\wedge}{\simeq}$	$\stackrel{\wedge}{\simeq}$	$\stackrel{\wedge}{\simeq}$	☆	
	Low-Density Lipoprotein Cholesterol(LDL)	☆	☆	☆	☆	(1)Hyperlipidemia (2)Atherosclerosis
	Total Cholesterol to HDL Ratio(T-chol/HDL)	☆	☆	☆	☆	(3)Cardiovascular risk factors (4)Evaluate vascular inflammation
	High Sensitivity C-Reactive Protein (HS-CRP)	$\stackrel{\wedge}{\simeq}$	☆	$\stackrel{\wedge}{\simeq}$	☆	
	Homocysteine	☆	☆	☆	☆	
	Lipoprotein(a)		☆	☆	☆	
	Fibrinogen		☆	☆	☆	



Items	Examination Items	A	В	C	D	Information
Digest System	Abdominal Sonography: Liver, Gallbladder, Kidneys, Pancreas, Spleen, Portal Vein	☆	☆	☆	☆	Diseases and structural abnormalities of liver, gallbladder, kidneys pancreas and spleen.
	Fecal Occult Blood (EIA)	☆	☆	☆	☆	Screening test for colon cancer.
	Liver Function					
	Total Protein	☆	☆	☆	☆	
	Albumin	☆	$\stackrel{\wedge}{\bowtie}$	☆	☆	
	Globulin	☆	$\stackrel{\wedge}{\simeq}$	☆	\Rightarrow	
	A/G	\Rightarrow	☆	☆	☆	
	Direct Bilirubin	☆	☆	☆	☆	
	Total Bilirubin	☆	☆	☆	☆	
	Alkaline Phosphatase (ALK-P)	☆	☆	☆	☆	Check for disease of liver and biliary tract, hepatitis, abnormal liver function, liver cirrhosis, etc.
Liver System	Serum Glutamic Oxaloacetic Transaminase (SGOT)	☆	☆	☆	☆	
	Serum Glutamate Pyruvate Transaminas (SGPT)	☆	☆	☆	☆	
	Gamma Glutamyl Transpeptidase (GGT)	☆	☆	☆	☆	
	Serology	☆	☆	☆	٠٨,	Hanatitis D (HDV) comian status
	HBsAg				☆	Hepatitis B (HBV) carrier status.
	Anti-HBs	☆ .	☆	☆	☆	Immunity to HBV.
	Anti-HCV	☆	☆	☆	☆	Hepatitis C carrier status.
	Vitamin D	☆	☆	☆	$\stackrel{\wedge}{\simeq}$	To evaluate the lack of vitamin D.
	Zinc			☆	☆	To evaluate the lack of zinc.
	Diabetes Tests					
	AC Sugar	☆	$\stackrel{\wedge}{\simeq}$	☆	☆	
	PC Sugar	☆	☆	☆	☆	A survey for diabetes mellitus and hypoglycemia.
Endonino and						To show the average level of blood sugar over the previous 3
Endocrine and Metabolic	emoglobin A1c (HbA1c)	☆	☆	☆	☆	months.
System	Thyroid Function					
	Free Thyroxine (Free T4)	\Rightarrow	\Rightarrow	☆	☆	Hyperthyroidism
	Thyroid-Stimulating Hormone (TSH)	☆	☆	☆	☆	Hypothyroidism
	Thyroid Structural					
	Thyroid Sonography		☆	☆	☆	For detection of goiter, thyroid cancer, thyroiditis, and assessment of thyroid nodule



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Items	Examination Items	A	В	C	D	Information
	Lumbar Spine X-Ray	☆	☆	☆	☆	Evalutate the L-spine structure and disease.
	Abdominal X-Ray (KUB)	☆	☆	☆	☆	Evaluate the bony struture and soft tissue of abdomen.
Skeletal System	Bone Mineral Density Scan(BMD) - Lumbar Spine + Hip Joint		☆	☆	☆	To evaluate the bone mineral density over the lumbar spine and femoral neck. P.S. BMD scan may not be needed every year. For female, the other option is Cardiovascular Screening Device; for male is Blood Test of Brain Natriuretic Peptide (BNP).
	CTx Test			☆	☆	CTx test is a blood test measures the amount of degraded bone product circulating in the bloodstream. The result is usually associated with BMD scan result to evaluate bone density.
						der to confirm the diagnosis, other examination is necessary such as or level could occur in non-neoplastic diseases.
	Alpha-Fetoprotein (AFP)	\Rightarrow	☆	\Rightarrow	$\stackrel{\wedge}{\simeq}$	Liver tumor, reproductive organ tumor.
	Carcinoembryonic Antigen (CEA)	☆	☆	☆	☆	Digestive system tumors, lung cancer, etc.
	Prostate Specific Antigen (PSA) (Applicable to Male)	A	•	A	•	Prostate tumor.
Fumor Markers	Cancer Antigen 125(CA125) (Applicable to Female)	Δ	Δ	Δ	Δ	Ovarian tumor and other female reproductive system tumor.
Screening	Cancer Antigen 15-3 (CA15-3) (Applicable to Female)	Δ	Δ	Δ	Δ	Breast tumor.
	Epstein-Barr Virus Antibody-IgA (EBV-IgA)	A	\triangle	☆	☆	Nasopharyngeal cancer.
	Cancer Antigen 19-9 (CA19-9)	☆	☆	☆	☆	Pancreatic tumor and intra- abdominal organ tumors.
	Squamous Cell Carcinoma Antigen	☆	☆	☆	☆	Cervical and lung cancer, head and neck tumor, etc.
	Cytokeratin Fragment 21-1 (CYFRA 21-1)			☆	☆	Evaluatation of non-small cell lung cancer.



Items	Examination Items	A	В	C	D	Information						
	Renal Function											
	Blood Urea Nitrogen (BUN)	☆	☆	☆	☆	Evaluation of renal funtion.						
	Creatinine-Serum	☆	☆	☆	☆	To evaluate renal function, and to detect renal failure, uremia, et						
	Uric Acid	☆	☆	☆	☆	To detect hyperuricemia.						
	Estimated Glomerular Filtration Rate (eGFR)	☆	☆	☆	☆							
	Microalbumin-Urine	☆	☆	☆	☆							
	Creatinine-Urine	☆	☆	☆	☆	To detect early signs of kidney damage.						
	Microalbumin / Creatinine-Urine Ratio (ACR)	☆	☆	☆	☆							
rinary System	Urinalysis											
	Appearance	☆	☆	☆	☆	_						
	Sspecific Gravity, pH Value, Urobilinogen, Protein, Glucose, Ketone Body, Bilirubin, Occult Blood, WBC, Nitrite	☆	☆	☆	¥	 (1) Proteinuria, nephrotic syndrome, (2) Urinary tract infection, (3) Diabetes, jaundice, (4) Hematuria, urinary tract stone, etc. 						
	Sediment: RBCs, WBCs, Epithelial Cells, Casts	☆	☆	☆	☆							
	Urodynamic Study											
	Uroflowmetry		☆	☆	☆	To measure the volume of urine released from the bladder, the release speed, and how long the release takes. To assess the volding function.						
	White Blood Cell (WBC)	☆	☆	☆	☆							
	WBC Differential Count (DC)	☆	☆	☆	☆							
	Red Blood Cell (RBC)	\Rightarrow	☆	☆	☆							
	Hemoglobin (Hb)	\Rightarrow	☆	☆	☆							
	Hematocrit (HCT)	☆	☆	☆	☆	Anemia(iron-deficiciency, thalassemia), coagulation functions,						
lood Routine	Platelet	\Rightarrow	☆	☆	☆	leukemia, other blood diseases, and bacterial infection.						
	Mean Corpuscular Volume (MCV)	☆	☆	☆	☆							
	Mean Corpuscular Hemoglobin (MCH)	☆	☆	☆	☆							
	Mean Corpuscular Hemoglobin Concentration (MCHC)	☆	☆	☆	☆							



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Items	Examination Items	A	В	C	D	Information
	Sodium (Na+)	☆	☆	☆	$\stackrel{\wedge}{\simeq}$	
Electrolyte Tests	Potassium (K+)	☆	☆	☆	☆	Electrolytes abnormalities.
Tests	Chloride (Cl-) Calcium (Ca2+)	☆	☆ ☆	☆	☆	
Psychosomatic Medicine	Psychosomatic Questionnaire	×	☆	☆	☆	Evaluation of personal mental health status. This check item is designed for Taiwanese only. The health consultant will provide alternative item for foreigners.
Nervous System	Autonomic Nervous System Testing		•	☆	☆	To evaluate the autonomic nervous system, organ dysfunction and aging of your body.
Medical	Explanation of Data	☆	☆	☆	☆	A certified Internist or Family Physician will analyze the data and advise accordingly.
Consultation	Diet Consulting	☆	☆	☆	☆	Diet advice by a Nutritionist.
	Choose one of the following optic					
	Option 1. Basic Gastrointestinal Ex	aminatio	n			
	choose one from below Gastroscopy OR Upper Gastrointestinal (UGI)	¥				Gastroscopy: Esophagitis, gastritis, duodenitis, or polyp, ulcer, tumor of the upper GI tract. UGI series (x-ray):
Advanced Options for Package A	Series (X-Ray)					The test uses gas-making crystals, barium contrast material, and fluoroscopy to check the structure of esophagus, stomach, and duodenum.
	Sigmoidoscopy	☆				Hemorrhoids, polyp, tumor, ulcer, colitis, diverticulum.
	Option 2. Basic Cardiovascular Sys	stom Evo	minatio	n		
	Carotid Ultrasound	icii Exa ☆	шшацо	11		To evaluate the patency of carotid artery and risk for cerebrovascular disease.
	Choose one of the following option	ons				
	Option 1. Advanced Gastrointestina					
	Gastroscopy under anesthesia		☆			Esophagitis, gastritis, duodenitis, or polyp, ulcer, tumor of the upper GI tract.
Advanced	Colonoscopy under anesthesia					Hemorrhoids, polyp, tumor, ulcer, colitis, diverticulum.
Options for	Option 2. Advanced Cardiopulmon	ary Exan	nination			
Package B	Low Dose Lung CT Scan		☆			The low dose lung CT scan is a noninvasive medical examination to detect small lesions in lung, which helps to screening the lung caner at an early stage.
	Echocardiography		☆			To evaluate the heart size, valvular abnormalities, congenital heart defects, myocardial infarction, tumor, etc.



Items	Examination Items	A	В	C	D Information	
	1. Gastrointestinal Examination					
	Gastroscopy under anesthesia			☆	Esophagitis, gastritis, duodenitis, or polyp, ulcer, tumor oupper GI tract.	of the
	Colonoscopy under anesthesia				Hemorrhoids, polyp, tumor, ulcer, colitis, diverticulum.	
	2. Cardiovascular System Examina	ation				
Advanced Options for	Echocardiography			☆	To evaluate the heart size, valvular abnormalities, conge defects, myocardial infarction, tumor, etc.	nital heart
Package C	Carotid Ultrasound			☆	To evaluate the patency of carotid artery and risk for cerebrovascular disease.	
	Exercise EKG			A	To evaluate coronary arterial disease or ischemia during of	exercise.
	3. Medical Imaging Examination					
	Low Dose Lung CT Scan			☆	The low dose lung CT scan is a noninvasive medical exa to detect small lesions in lung, which helps to screening t caner at an early stage.	
	1. Gastrointestinal Examination					
	Gastroscopy under anesthesia			$\stackrel{\wedge}{\simeq}$	Esophagitis, gastritis, duodenitis, or polyp, ulcer, tumor oupper GI tract.	of the
	Colonoscopy under anesthesia				Hemorrhoids, polyp, tumor, ulcer, colitis, diverticulum.	
	2. Cardiovascular System Examin	ation				
	Echocardiography			☆	To evaluate the heart size, valvular abnormalities, congedefects, myocardial infarction, tumor, etc.	nital heart
	Carotid Ultrasound			☆	To evaluate the patency of carotid artery and risk for cerebrovascular disease.	
	Exercise EKG			•	To evaluate coronary arterial disease or ischemia during of	exercise.
	3. Medical Imaging Examination					
Advanced Options for Package D	Low Dose Lung CT Scan			☆	The low dose lung CT scan is a noninvasive medical exa- to detect small lesions in lung, which helps to screening t caner at an early stage.	
	4. Functional Medicine					
	Comprehensive Adrenocortex Stress Profile				Capability to cope with stress, stress-related physical dist Understanding chronic stress syndrome, anxiety, depress immunity, chronic fatigue syndrome, influences of horme imbalance (level of stress and whether anti-stress hormo sufficient)	ion, poor one
	Chronic Food Allergy Profile				To evaluate the related factors of children's chronic eczel asthma, attention deficit hyperactivity disorder (ADHD), chronic tinnitus, rhinitis and adult's gastroenteritis, irrital syndrome, gastric ulcer, chronic arthritis, dermatitis, chrofatigue syndrome, vertigo, anemia, autoimmune diseases, disorders, etc.	autism, ole bowel onic
	choose one from below Oxidative Stress Analysis OR Comprehensive Hormone Profile				(1)Evaluate the levels of free radical and the ability of detoxification. Overt free radical is related to chronic deg disease. (2) Evaluation for hormone replacement therapy	enerative



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Items	Examination Items	A	В	C	D	Information
	【 A Packages : NT\$ 22,000】					
	[P Pockages : NT\$ 25,000]					

[B Packages : NT\$ 35,000]
[C Packages : NT\$ 48,000]
[D Packages : NT\$ 66,000]

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P.S.2. Value-added services: Lianan Health Management Center provides medical referrals, assistance, advisory reports, daily nutrition advisory, and other advisory services.

3. Value-added services: At the examination day, We offer a set of comfortable clothing and delicious vegan meal by senior nutritionist designs

4. Value-added services: For Choose New C or D Package customers, We provide meal replacement for low-residue diet, to provide you with the most appropriate Colonoscopy preparation.

5.The items of examination Package can't request replacement item or refund. However, if the physician assessment should not do this check may exempt

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